

Erste Group Warrant ANDRITZ 21.06.2024

ISIN: **AT0000A3ADN1** WKN: **EB1F9T**

Overview

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Bid	Ask
-	-
Difference	- (-)

General attributes	
Issuer	Erste Group Bank AG
Product type	Warrants
Typ	CALL
Exercise method	american
Stock exchange	STU, VIE
Underlying	ANDRITZ
Underlying ISIN	AT0000730007
Underlying stock exchange	VIE
Underlying currency	EUR
Underlying price	57.45 EUR
Date	2024/06/25 17:35:22
Strike	70.0000 EUR
Moneyness	Out of the money
Implied volatility	118.5810%
Historical volatility 30 days	-
Historical volatility 200 days	-
Leverage	290.25
Delta	0.0432
Omega	23.8107
Gamma	0.0015
Vega	0.0005
Theta	-0.0075
Rho	0.0000
Multiplier	0.1000000
Issue date	2024/02/02
Start price product	0.15
Maturity	2024/06/21
First trading day	2024/02/02
Last trading day	2024/06/18

Chart is not available

**Advantages**

- Chance to benefit without limits from rising prices in the underlying instrument
- Disproportionate participation in the performance of the underlying (leverage effect)
- Gains possible amid rising volatilities of the underlying

**Risks you should be aware of**

- Redemption does not only hinge on the performance of the underlying. Other factors crucial to the composition of the option value such as in particular the (declining) remaining life of the option, changes in the volatility of the underlying, interest rates, and the dividend policy of underlying shares, if any, may also strongly affect the price of the option.
- It is important to constantly monitor these factors.
- The leverage effect exacerbates price fluctuations during the life of the option and scales up the participation in the performance of the underlying.
- Risk of capital loss of up to 100%.
- Redemption hinges on the solvency of Erste Group Bank AG (default risk).

Quanto	no
Currency	EUR
Repayment value	0.000 EUR

- Call options are generally subject to the risks outlined in the respective prospectus.

The calculation of the key figures is based on the most recently delivered price of the underlying (see date/time stamp in tab underlying).

Price information

Today open	-
Today high	-
Today low	-
Close (previous day)	-
Spread in %	95.00 %
Spread absolute	0.02
Spread harmonised	0.19
High price (52 weeks)	-
Low price (52 weeks)	-

Performance

Performance YTD in %	-
Performance 1 month in %	-
Performance 6 months in %	-
Performance 1 year in %	-
Performance 3 years in %	-
Performance 5 years in %	-
Performance since inception in %	-

Warrants | Description

What are warrants?

Warrants offer investors the chance to benefit at a disproportionate degree (leveraged) from the performance of the underlying instrument. The investment in warrants requires less capital outlay than the direct investment in the underlying. Shares, currencies, interest rates, or commodities among others, can serve as underlying.

Warrants transfer the right to the holder to buy (call options) or sell (put options) a specified amount of the underlying instrument during (American) or at the end of the life (European) of the warrant at a fixed price. The holder may exercise this right, but does not have to do so. In practice, the holder will tend not to exercise the right but to sell the warrant on the stock exchange or settle in cash. This is easier and more economical.

The price of an warrant is composed of the intrinsic value and the time value. The difference between the price of the underlying and the strike price is equal to the intrinsic value. At the end of its life, the warrant expires and becomes worthless if the intrinsic value is zero or negative. The time value represents a sort of premium and depends on numerous factors. The remaining life of the warrant is a crucial factor. The longer it is, the higher is the probability that the underlying will rise (relevant for call options) or fall (relevant for put options), which in turn results in a higher time value. The time value decreases over the life of the warrant, and it does so more rapidly towards the end of the life than at the beginning. In addition, factors like interest rates, dividends (if the underlying is a share), and the volatility of the underlying affect the time value.

How do call options work?

Holders of a call option expect the price of the underlying instrument to rise. They acquire the right to buy the underlying, and in return they pay the so-called option premium. It makes economic sense to exercise the right when the underlying can be bought through the option at a lower price than on the stock exchange. For most call options, however, the underlying instrument is actually never physically bought and delivered; rather, settlement is in cash. This means that the value of the option is credited to the investor's account.

Investors benefit without limits from rising prices in the underlying. If the underlying records a negative performance, the maximum loss the investor will incur is the option premium he/she paid (i.e. total loss).

Secondary market

From the value date onwards the certificates can be traded on each stock exchange day during trading hours. However, Erste Group Bank AG cannot guarantee the existence or maintenance of an active market throughout the entire life of the certificate. The issuer will, as a rule, continuously quote prices, but is not obligated to do so. Neither is the issuer obligated to redeem the certificates. During the life of the certificate its price will be significantly determined by the general development of interest rates, the fluctuations on the capital market, and the general economic scenario.

Underlying

Date: 2024/06/25 17:35:22

Underlying Quote

57.45 EUR

Difference ▼ -1.79% (-1.05)

5y

General attributes underlying

Name	ANDRITZ
ISIN	-
Stock exchange (underlying)	VIE
Currency (underlying)	EUR
Start value underlying	57.7000
Price	57.45
Time	24/06/25 - 17:35:22
Change in %	-1.79%
Today high	58.35
Today low	57.00
High price (52 weeks)	62.15
Low price (52 weeks)	41.12



Information about previous performance does not guarantee future performance.
 Source: FactSet