Erste Group Warrant VOESTALPINE 21.06.2024

ISIN: AT0000A34X38 WKN: EB1EL6

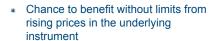
Overview



General attributes	
Issuer	Erste Group Bank AG
Product type	Warrants
Тур	CALL
Exercise method	american
Stock exchange	VIE, STU
Underlying	VOESTALPINE
Underlying ISIN	AT0000937503
Underlying stock exchange	VIE
Underlying currency	EUR
Underlying price	25.10 EUR
Date	2024/07/12 15:23:19
Strike	36.0000 EUR
Moneyness	Out of the money
Implied volatility	238.0000%
Historical volatility 30 days	-
Historical volatility 200 days	-
Leverage	124.30
Delta	0.0509
Omega	11.9746
Gamma	0.0020
Vega	0.0002
Theta	-0.0074
Rho	0.0000
Multiplier	0.1000000
Issue date	2023/05/26
Start price product	0.90
Maturity	2024/06/21
First trading day	2023/05/26
Last trading day	2024/06/18

Chart is not available





- Disproportionate participation in the performance of the underlying (leverage effect)
- Gains possible amid rising volatilities of the underlying
- Risks you should be aware of
 - Redemption does not only hinge on the performance of the underlying.
 Other factors crucial to the composition of the option value such as in particular the (declining) remaining life of the option, changes in the volatility of the underlying, interest rates, and the dividend policy of underlying shares, if any, may also strongly affect the price of the option.
 - It is important to constantly monitor these factors.
 - The leverage effect exacerbates price fluctuations during the life of the option and scales up the participation in the performance of the underlying.
 - Risk of capital loss of up to 100%.
 - Redemption hinges on the solvency of Erste Group Bank AG (default risk).



Quanto	no
Currency	EUR
Repayment value	0.000 FUR

 Call options are generally subject to the risks outlined in the respective prospectus.

The calculation of the key figures is based on the most recently delivered price of the underlying (see date/time stamp in tab underlying).

Price information	
Today open	-
Today high	-
Today low	-
Close (previous day)	-
Spread in %	95.00 %
Spread absolute	0.02
Spread harmonised	0.19
High price (52 weeks)	-
Low price (52 weeks)	-
Performance	
Performance YTD in %	-
Performance 1 month in %	-

Performance 6 months in %

Performance 1 year in %

Performance 3 years in %

Performance 5 years in %

Performance since inception in %

Warrants | Description

What are warrants?

Warrants offer investors the chance to benefit at a disproportionate degree (leveraged) from the performance of the underlying instrument. The investment in warrants requires less capital outlay than the direct investment in the underlying. Shares, currencies, interest rates, or commodities among others, can serve as underlying.

Warrants transfer the right to the holder to buy (call options) or sell (put options) a specified amount of the underlying instrument during (American) or at the end of the life (European) of the warrant at a fixed price. The holder may exercise this right, but does not have to do so. In practice, the holder will tend not to exercise the right but to sell the warrant on the stock exchange or settle in cash. This is easier and more economical.

The price of an warrant is composed of the intrinsic value and the time value. The difference between the price of the underlying and the strike price is equal to the intrinsic value. At the end of its life, the warrant expires and becomes worthless if the intrinsic value is zero or negative. The time value represents a sort of premium and depends on numerous factors. The remaining life of the warrant is a crucial factor. The longer it is, the higher is the probability that the underlying will rise (relevant for call options) or fall (relevant for put options), which in turn results in a higher time value. The time value decreases over the life of the warrant, and it does so more rapidly towards the end of the life than at the beginning. In addition, factors like interest rates, dividends (if the underlying is a share), and the volatility of the underlying affect the time value.

How do call options work?

Holders of a call option expect the price of the underlying instrument to rise. They acquire the right to buy the underlying, and in return they pay the so-called option premium. It makes economic sense to exercise the right when the underlying can be bought through the option at a lower price than on the stock exchange. For most call options, however, the underlying instrument is actually never physically bought and delivered; rather, settlement is in cash. This means that the value of the option is credited to the investor's account.

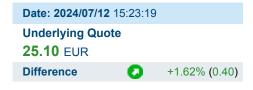
Investors benefit without limits from rising prices in the underlying. If the underlying records a negative performance, the maximum loss the investor will incur is the option premium he/she paid (i.e. total loss).

Secondary market

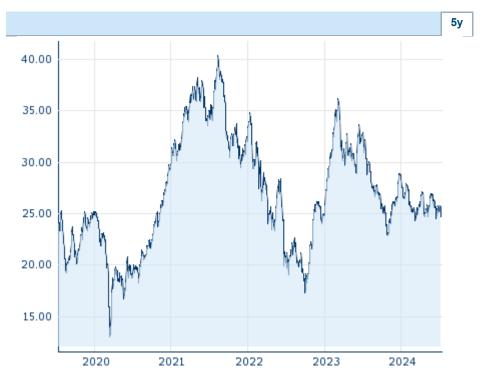
From the value date onwards the certificates can be traded on each stock exchange day during trading hours. However, Erste Group Bank AG cannot guarantee the existence or maintenance of an active market throughout the entire life of the certificate. The issuer will, as a rule, continuously quote prices, but is not obligated to do so. Neither is the issuer obligated to redeem the certificates. During the life of the certificate its price will be significantly determined by the general development of interest rates, the fluctuations on the capital market, and the general economic scenario.



Underlying



General attributes underlying		
Name	VOESTALPINE	
ISIN	-	
Stock exchange (underlying)	VIE	
Currency (underlying)	EUR	
Start value underlying	30.8200	
Price	25.10	
Time	24/07/12 - 15:23:19	
Change in %	1.62%	
Today high	25.14	
Today low	24.72	
High price (52 weeks)	32.30	
Low price (52 weeks)	22.76	



Information about previous performance does not guarantee future performance. $\textbf{Source:} \ \mathsf{FactSet}$

